PRACTICES AS COUNTABLE ENTITIES

Time Use Surveys for a quantification of practices distributions and evolutions

METHOD WORKSHOP

Social practices, energy demand and time use data – methodological lessons from DEMAND

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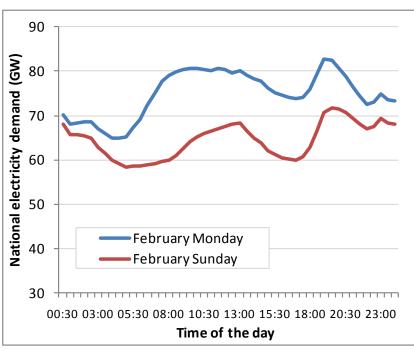






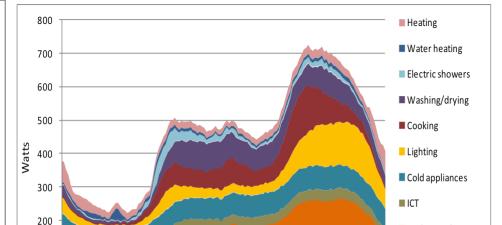
Peak electricity demand

Total **France** electricity consumption during Mondays and Sundays of February 2010 (RTE)



France electricity consumption by time of the day on mondays and sundays of February 2010-RTE

Electric demand split by usage from a sample of owner-occupied homes in **England** (2010-2011)



Graph 7a: HES average 24-hour electricity use profile for owner-occupied homes, England 2010-11

00:00 02:00 04:00 06:00 08:00 10:00 12:00 14:00 16:00 18:00 20:00 22:00

100





Audiovisual

■ Other

Unknown

Eating practices in TUS

• Electric consumption underlying practices

 Practices as group of activities held together by meanings and relying on competences and products (Shove & Pantzar, 2005)

Eating

Ordering

Commensality

Eating relation to **Time** Southerton et al., 2011

Eating meanings





Social Time

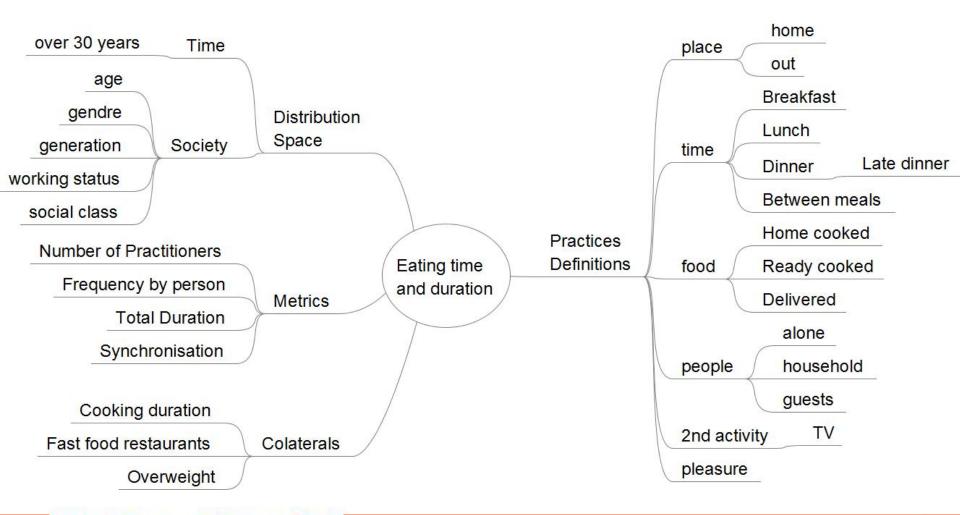
Eating practices in TUS

- General description of eating practices
- France (De Saint-Pol et al. 2013): 3 meals structure, work/meal constraints, reception/TV relation to social satus, younger snacking...
- International comparisons: differences in the times and places of meals in relation with cultural aspects, work organisation and specific infrastructures...
- Looking for meanings: relation to the organisation of time, comensality, duty, satisfaction (Daniels et al. 2012)





Eating practices in TUS







Practice Hunting

Definition of clearly delimited entities (Dinner)

based on:



- Describing their relation to other practices, needs
 for energy, and peak demand
- Tracking alternative practices in the geographical and social space





TUS Data

- Representative activity diaries
- Two days by household (Week, Week-End)
- 10 minutes steps primary and secondary activities
- Waves every 10 years
- + individual/household level information
- UK MTUS/ONS 2005 : 4 854 Diaries
- Fr. EDT/INSEE 2010 : 27 900 Diaries





Eating practices definitions

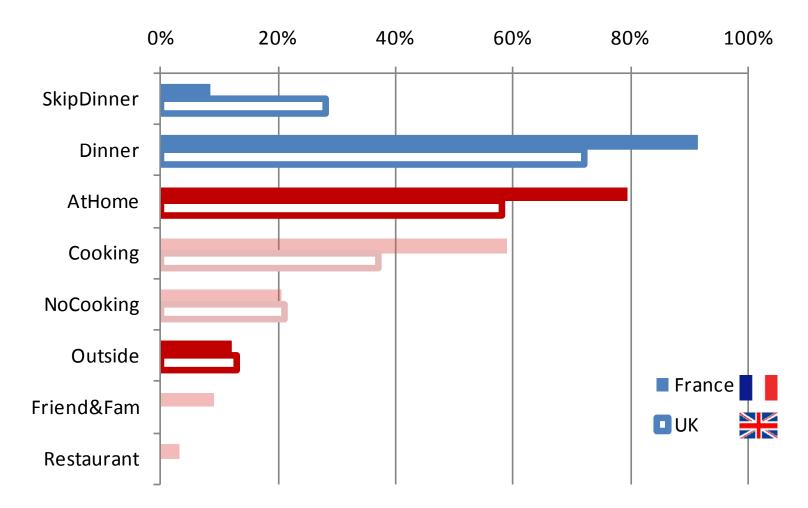
- Dinner at Home with prior cooking
- Dinner at Home with No cooking
- Dinner outside (acquaintance or restaurant)
- No Dinner

+ Together/Appart + Guest/No Guest + TV/NoTV





Eating practices definitions



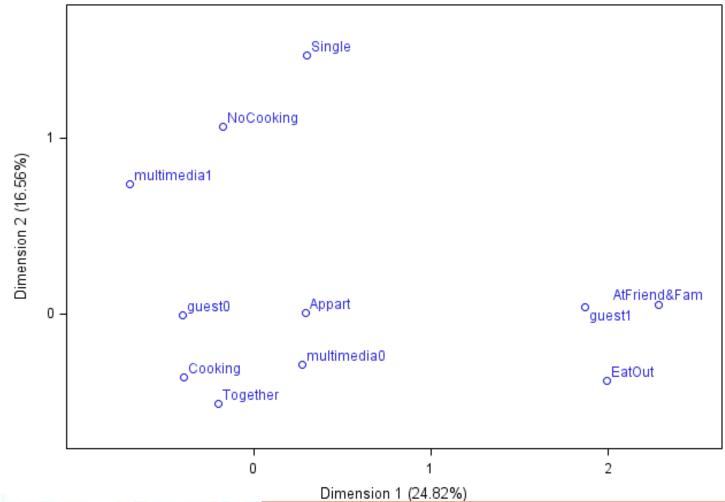






Eating practices structure (Fr)

Multiple Correspondence Analysis



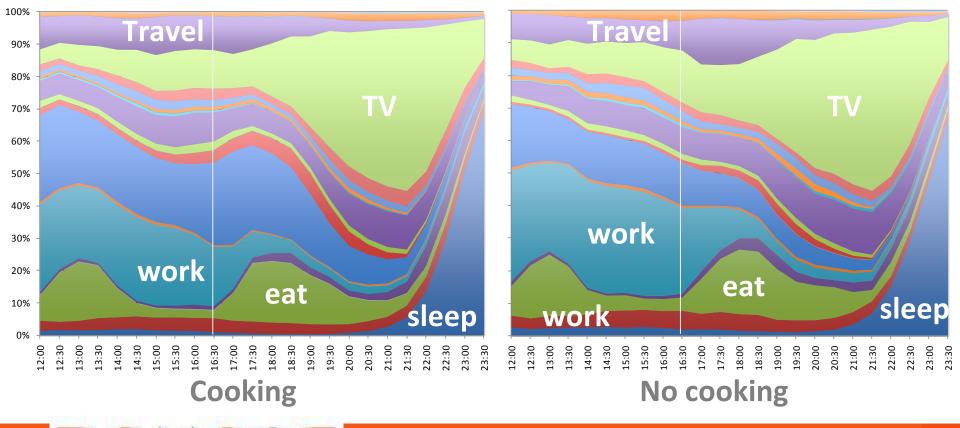






Eating practices Time profiles

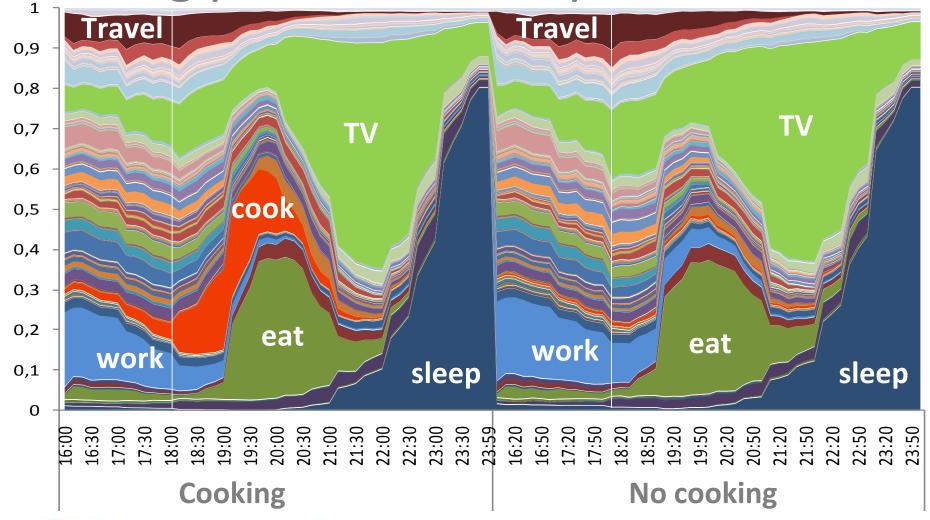
How eating practices fit into the day time structure







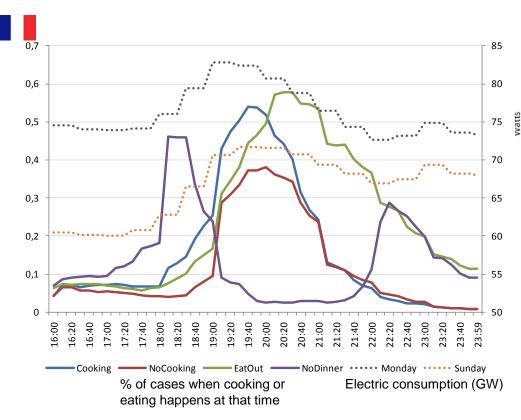
Eating practices Time profiles





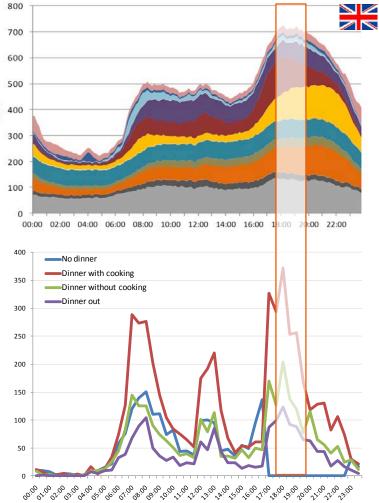


Eating practices Time profiles



Different practices

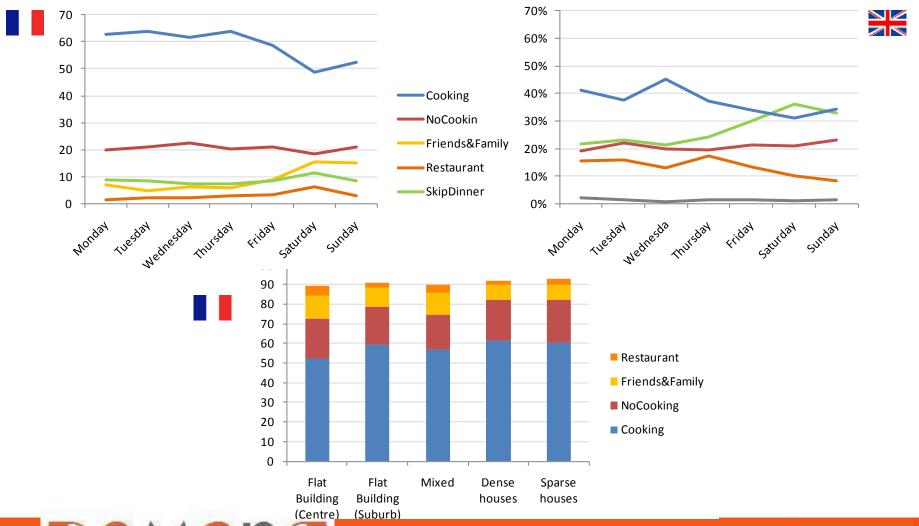
→ different contribution to the peak







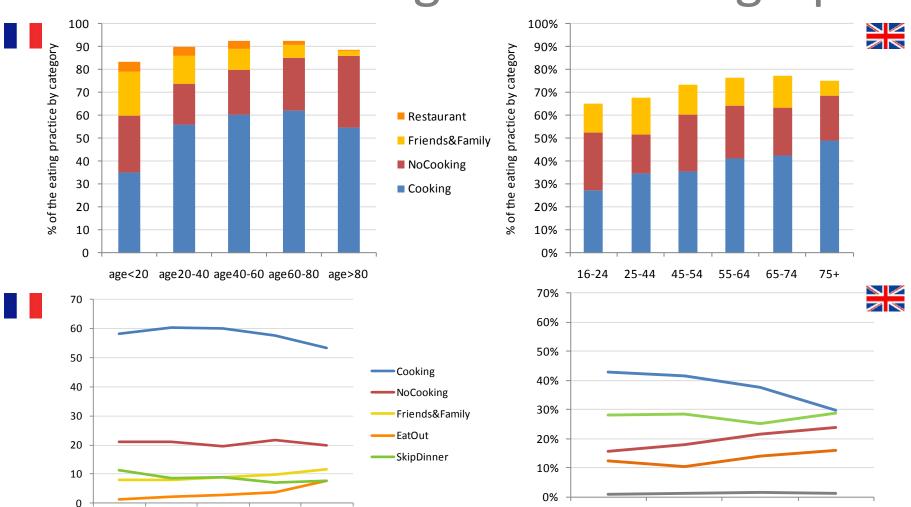
Practice Hunting: Days & Areas







Practice Hunting: Sociodemographics



1 (lowest

2



Income1 Income2 Income3 Income4 Income5

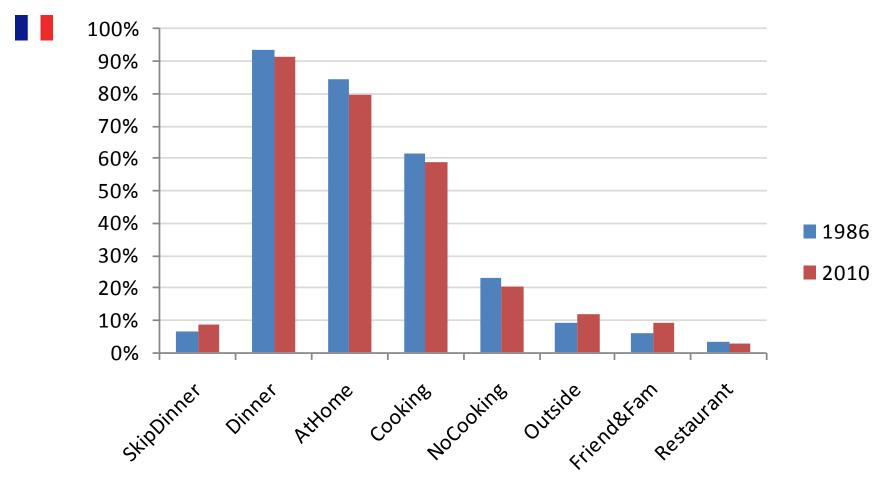


4 (highest

3



Practice Hunting: Historical Trend







Conclusion

Meanings:

Traces of commensality: participants, longer and later dinner, competition with TV

Eating out (as defined) has different meanings in

France: sharing with friends

UK: convenient/efficient nutrition (no later or longer meal, surrounded with much more typical home activity)





Conclusion

Skipping dinner (as defined) has different meaning in:

France: work in the evening, dinner pushed before or after

UK: no dinner at all, replaced by social life

Economy of time

Clear competition between work and different time intensive eating practices





Conclusion

• Material :

Little information at the activity level: place, transport mode

More information at the individual/household level

Need to link with dedicated surveys associating diaries with appliance usage: high difficulty

• Competences :

Directly related to individuals





Next steps

- Direct link between activities and related appliance usage and electricity consumption
- Hunting practices in the past TUS waves (10 years)
 to identify how practices spread, shrink or change

Limits

- Lack of direct information on meanings and devices
- Two days not enough to identify patterns and regularity
- Not so different from usual descriptive analyses





THANK YOU

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